Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior listings and versions of claims in the application:

- 1. (currently amended) A portable data storage device comprising:
 - a microprocessor;
 - a non-volatile memory coupled to the microprocessor; and
 - a biometrics-based authentication module coupled to and controlled by the microprocessor, wherein access to the non-volatile memory is granted to a user provided that the biometrics-based authentication module authenticates the user's identity and wherein access to the non-volatile memory is denied to the user otherwise.
- (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 1 wherein the biometrics-based authentication module is a fingerprint authentication module.
- 3. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 1 further comprising a universal serial bus (USB) plug for coupling the portable <u>data storage</u> device directly to a USB socket of another USB-compliant device.
- 4. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 1 wherein the biometrics-based authentication module comprises a biometrics sensor fitted on one surface of the portable data storage device.

- (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 1 wherein the non-volatile memory comprises flash memory.
- 6. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 1 wherein the microprocessor is configured to provide a bypass mechanism for authentication upon a determination of authentication failure by the biometrics-based authentication module.
- 7. (currently amended) A portable data storage device comprising:

a bus:

a microprocessor coupled to the bus;

a non-volatile memory coupled to the bus; and

- a biometrics-based authentication module coupled to the bus, wherein under the control
 of the microprocessor the biometrics-based authentication module is configured to
 (1) capture a first biometrics marker; (2) store the first biometrics marker in the
 non-volatile memory; (3) capture a second biometrics marker; and (4) determine
 whether the second biometrics marker can be authenticated against the first
 biometrics marker; and wherein the microprocessor is configured to disable
 access to the non-volatile memory upon a determination of authentication failure
 by the biometrics-based authentication module.
- (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the biometrics-based authentication module is a fingerprint authentication module.

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- 9. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 further comprising a universal serial bus (USB) device controller coupled to the bus and a USB plug coupled to the bus, such that the portable <u>data storage</u> device is capable of being coupled directly to a USB socket of and communicating with a host platform via the USB plug.
- 10. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the biometrics-based authentication module is structurally integrated with the portable <u>data storage</u> device in a unitary construction and comprises a biometrics sensor being disposed on one surface of the portable data storage device.
- 11. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the non-volatile memory comprises flash memory.
- 12. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the biometrics-based authentication module is further configured to encrypt the first biometrics marker before storing the first biometrics marker in the non-volatile memory.
- 13. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the microprocessor is configured to direct the biometrics-based authentication module to capture and store the first biometrics marker provided that no biometrics marker has been stored in the non-volatile memory.

14. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the microprocessor is configured to enable access to the non-volatile memory upon a determination of authentication success by the biometrics-based authentication module.

15. (canceled)

- 16. (currently amended) The portable <u>data storage</u> device as recited in Claim 7 wherein the microprocessor is configured to provide a bypass mechanism for authentication upon a determination of authentication failure by the biometrics-based authentication module.
- 17. (currently amended) A biometrics-based authentication method implemented using a portable <u>data storage</u> device, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining a first biometrics marker from a user with a biometrics sensor installed on the portable data storage device;
 - retrieving a registered biometrics marker from a non-volatile memory of the
 portable <u>data storage</u> device, the registered biometrics marker having been stored
 therein during a registration process;
 - (c) comparing the first biometrics marker against the registered biometrics marker;
 - (d) denying the user access to the non-volatile memory provided that a match is not identified in said step (c); and
 - (e) signaling an authentication success provided that a match is identified in said step(c).

- 18. (previously presented) The biometrics-based authentication method as recited in Claim 17 wherein the registered biometrics marker is a fingerprint.
- 19. (previously presented) The biometrics-based authentication method as recited in Claim 17 wherein the registered biometrics marker is stored in an encrypted format.
- 20. (previously presented) The biometrics-based authentication method as recited in Claim 17 wherein said step (d) comprises granting the user access to the non-volatile memory.
- 21. (canceled)
- 22. (previously presented) The biometrics-based authentication method as recited in Claim 17 further comprising the step of providing the user with a bypass authentication procedure provided that a match is not identified in said step (c).
- 23. (previously presented) A unitary portable data storage device having biometrics capability which can be directly plugged into a universal serial bus (USB) socket of a host computer, the device comprising:
 - a housing:
 - a fingerprint module, at least a portion of which is housed within the housing, the fingerprint module including a sensor disposed on an exterior surface of the housing;

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- a memory including non-volatile memory, the memory housed within the housing and coupled to the fingerprint module and is configured to store at least one fingerprint template as well as user data;
- a memory controller housed within the housing and coupled to the memory, the memory controller controlling access to the memory;
- a USB plug integrated into the housing without an intervening cable and capable of coupling the unitary portable data storage device directly to a USB socket on a host computer; and
- a USB device controller housed within the housing, the USB device controller enabling
 the unitary portable data storage device to communicate with the host computer
 via the USB protocol;
- wherein the fingerprint module is configured to (1) receive a fingerprint sample from a user

 placing a finger on the sensor; (2) compare the fingerprint sample with said at least one
 fingerprint template; and (3) reject a request from the user to access the user data stored
 in the memory provided that the comparison in said step (2) results in no match.
- 24. (previously presented) The unitary portable data storage device as recited in Claim 23 wherein at least a portion of the USB plug protrudes from the housing to facilitate direct coupling of the unitary portable data storage device to the USB socket of a computer.

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